

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION DRAFT SEA-LEVEL RISE POLICY GUIDANCE

17 September 2014 CMANC Fall 2014 Meeting



Overview of Presentation

- California Coastal Commission and Coastal Act
- Coastal Commission's Draft Sea Level Rise Policy Guidance Planning Guidance for Local Coastal Programs Permit Guidance for Coastal Development Permits
- Next Steps for the Draft Sea Level Rise Guidance
- Identified Research Needs





Contents of the Draft Document

Executive Summary

Main Report

Chapter 1: Introduction Chapter 2: Guiding Principles Chapter 3: Science Chapter 4: Guidance for LCPs Chapter 5: Guidance for CDPs Chapter 6: Additional Research Chapter 7: Next Steps Chapter 8: Glossary





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About the Draft Document

IT <u>IS</u>

Draft

Draft Guidance for addressing Sea-Level Rise in conformance with the Coastal Act

Complement to other Commission materials

Multi-purpose guidance in which users may focus on particular chapters

A list of sea-level rise adaptation options to choose from

A living document

IT IS <u>NOT</u>

Final

New regulations

Replacement for other Commission materials

Meant to be read cover to cover

A checklist of adaptation measures where all items have to be accomplished

Static



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Goals of the Document

- Address sea-level rise in California
- Coastal Act: Minimize hazards and impacts to coastal resources due to sea-level rise
- □ Fulfill Strategic Plan item 3.1.1



Surf scene, San Diego | Nathan Rupert



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Impacts to California

Pasture near Liscom Slough, Arcata CA | Dec 2012

CA King Tides Initiative | Humboldt BayKeeper





Bolinas, Marin County | Dec 2011

CA King Tides Initiative | nnmoor

Highway 1 at Surfer's Beach, Half Moon Bay | Feb 2011

CA King Tides Initiative | JSutton8









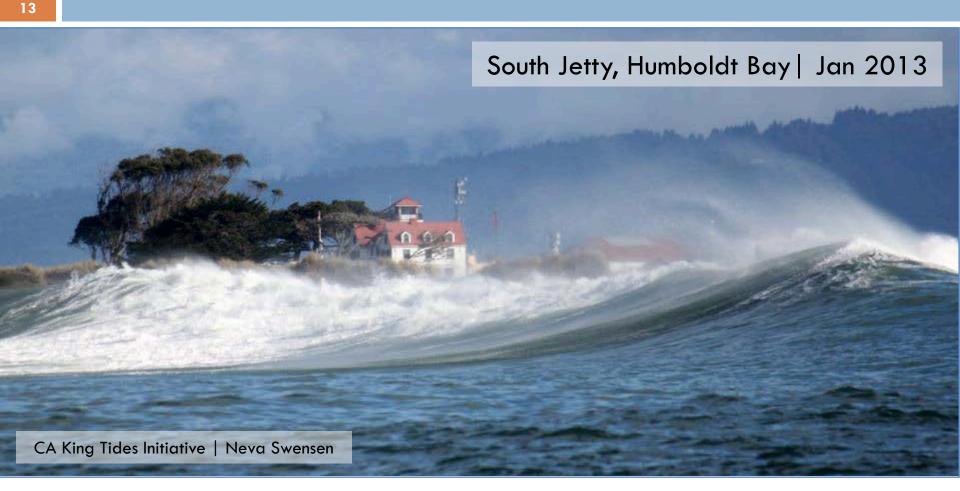
CA King Tides Initiative | Dan Jarvis

Oceanside, CA | May 2009



TAL

Sea-Level Rise Science and Projections

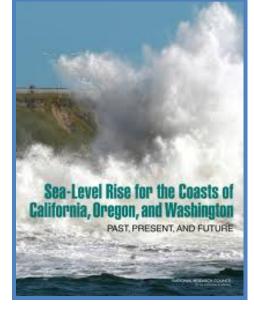




Best Available Science on SLR

National Research Council Report SLR Projections for California

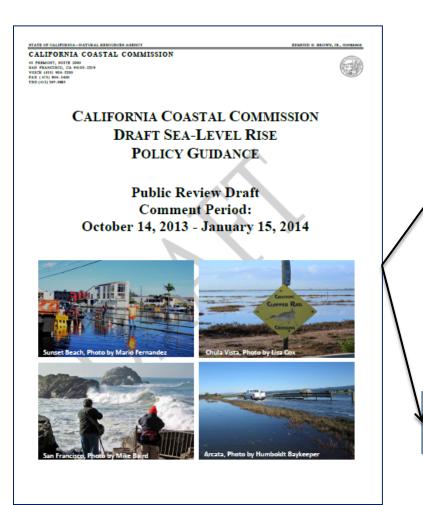
Time	South of Cape	North of Cape
Period	Mendocino	Mendocino
2000-	4 – 30 cm	-4 – +23 cm
2030	(1.5 – 12 inches)	(-1.5 – 9 inches)
2000-	12 – 61 cm	-3 – + 48 cm
2050	(5 – 24 inches)	(-1.2 – 19 inches)
2000-	42 – 167 cm	10 – 143 cm
2100	(17 – 66 inches)	(3.6 – 56 inches)



- Most locations can use these projections without modification
- Humboldt Bay & Eel River Sea Level Rise
 - SLR is at faster rate than region North of Cape Mendocino
 - Modify projections to account for local vertical land motion



Applications of Best Science

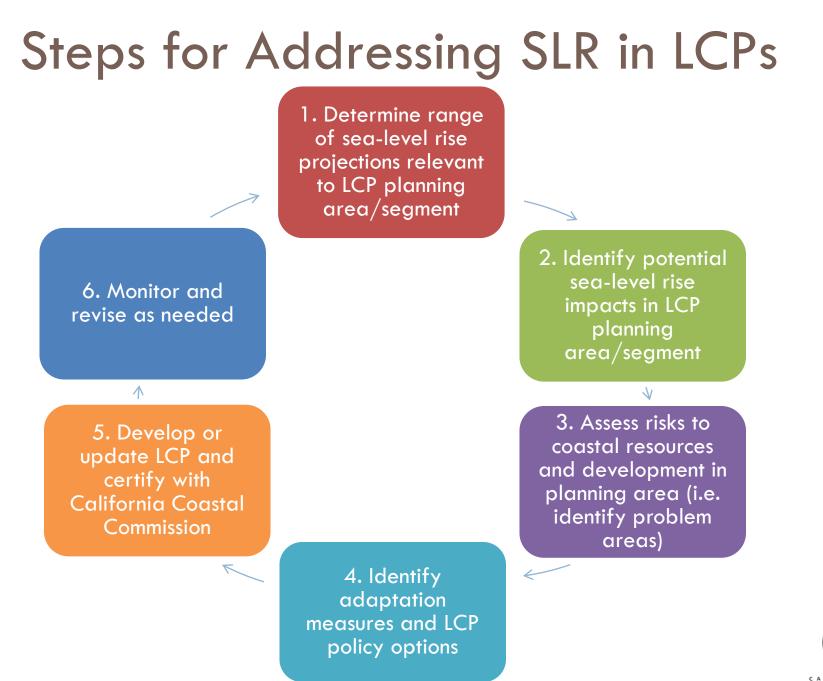


Local Coastal Programs

Long-Range Development Plans Port Master Plans Federal Consistency

Coastal Development Permits

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Steps for Addressing SLR in CDPs

1. Establish the projected sea-level rise range for the proposed project

2. Determine how sea-level rise impacts may constrain the project site

3. Determine how the project may impact coastal resources over time, considering SLR

4. Identify project design alternatives to both avoid resource impacts and minimize risks to the project

5. Finalize project design and submit permit application



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CDP Analysis of Sea-Level Rise

General Situations for considering sea-level rise:

- On or near a floodplain, beach, wetland, lagoon or estuary
- Exposed to wave impacts or wave runup
- Protected by levees, dikes, bulkheads, seawalls, etc.
- On an eroding coastal bluff
- Reliant on shallow water well for water supply



Coastal dunes, Humboldt Bay | Lesley Ewing



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Step 1: Determine SLR Projections

Expected Outcomes:

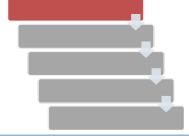
- Appropriate Planning Timeframes
- Proposed project life
- Scenarios of SLR for use in analysis

Time Period *	South of Cape Mendocino	North of Cape Mendocino	
by 2030	4 – 30 cm (1.5 – 12 inches)	-4 – +23 cm (-1.5 – 9 inches)	
by 2050	12 – 61 cm (5 – 24 inches)	-3 – +48 cm (-1.2 – 19 inches)	
by 2100	42 – 167 cm (17 – 66 inches)	10 – 143 cm (3.6 – 56 inches)	
* with year 2000 as a baseline			



Levees along Wintersberg Channel, Huntington Beach | Lesley Ewing





Step 1: Determine SLR Projections

Time Period	South of Cape Mendocino	North of Cape Mendocino
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Tomales Bay Wetland Restoration | CA King Tides Initiative | Jan 2012 | Sarah Allen

Scenario Based Planning: A tool for developing science-based decisionmaking framework to address SLR uncertainty. Used to inform decision making refarging the range of impacts and vulnerabilities. (Adapted from NOAA 2010)





Step 2: Identify SLR Impacts & Constraints

Hazard Analysis Types:

- Geologic Stability
- Erosion
- Waves and wave runup
- Flooding and inundation

Expected Outcomes:

- Maps of site-specific hazards
- Areas that can safely support development
- Regional-scale for planning, site-specific scale for projects



Highway 1 near Pescadero, San Mateo County | Lesley Ewing



Step 3: Assess Impacts to Coastal Resources

Coastal Resources to Consider:

- Public access, beaches, recreation areas
- California Coastal Trail
- Wetlands, ESHA, other habitats
- Agricultural areas
- Cultural sites
- Coastal-dependent uses
- Critical infrastructure
- Coastal Highway 1
- Existing and new development



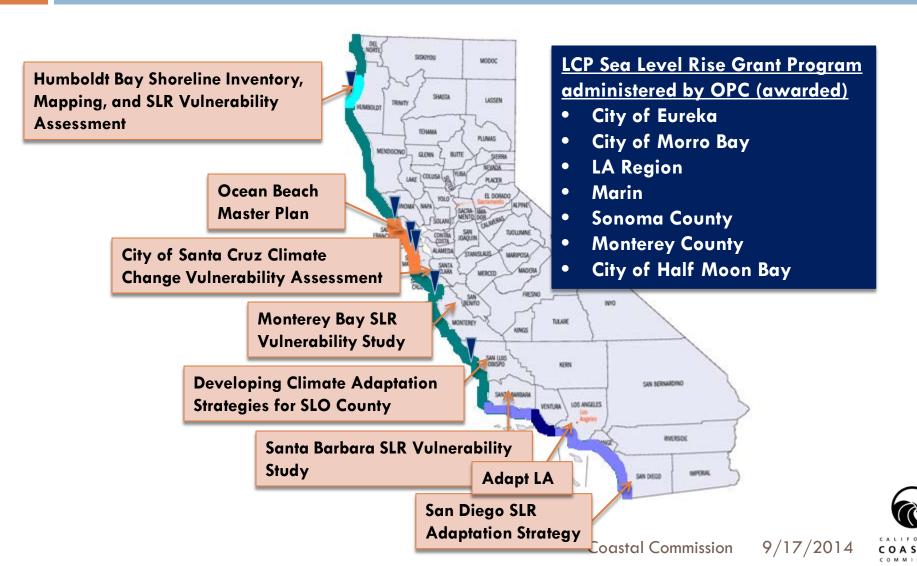
Ocean Beach, San Francisco | Lesley Ewing

Expected Outcomes:

SLR risks to coastal resources; map overlaying development and resource constraints



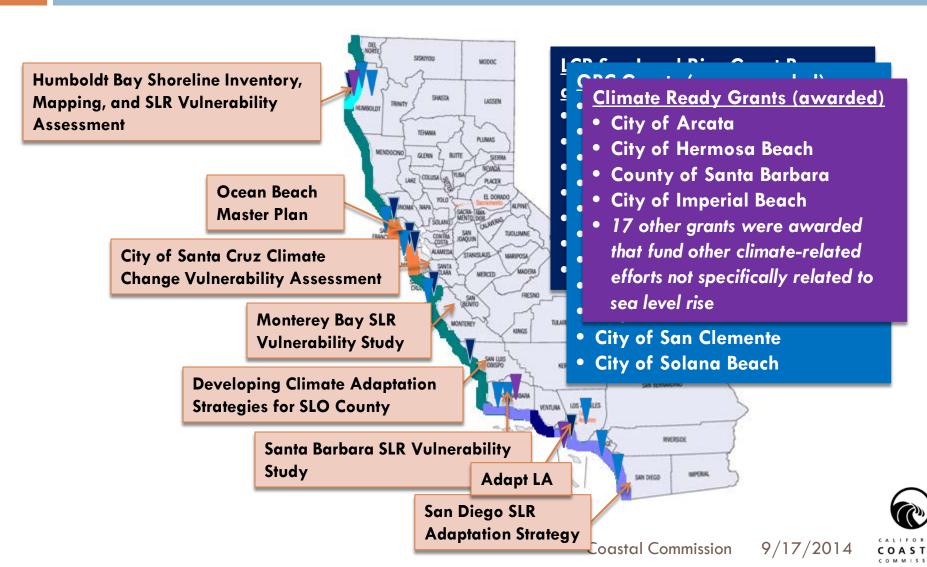
Vulnerability - Tools and Resources



Vulnerability - Tools and Resources



Vulnerability - Tools and Resources



LCP Step 4: Identify LCP Adaptation Measures



Tomales Bay Wetland Restoration | CA King Tides Initiative | Jan 2012 | Sarah Allen

Expected outcomes:

Identification of necessary updates, list of applicable adaptation measures applicable, new implementation policies/ordinances

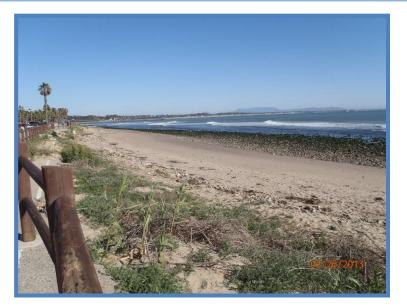


CDP Step 4: Identify Project Alternatives





- Project modifications and reexamination of impacts
- 1+ project alternatives
- Possible adaptation options



Surfers Point Managed Retreat Project, Ventura, CA



LCP Steps 5 & 6: Finalize LCP



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Image by California Coastal Commission

Step 5 expected outcomes:

Certified/updated LCP with policies and land use designations that address sea-level rise and the related hazards

Step 6 expected outcomes:

Plan to monitor the LCP planning area for SLR and other impacts; revisions when conditions change or science is updated



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CDP Step 5: Finalize Application

Expected Outcomes:

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- Analysis of sea-level rise concerns for inclusion in a CDP application
- Combine with other application items for a complete submittal



Pacifica State Beach, Linda Mar Area, Pacifica, CA



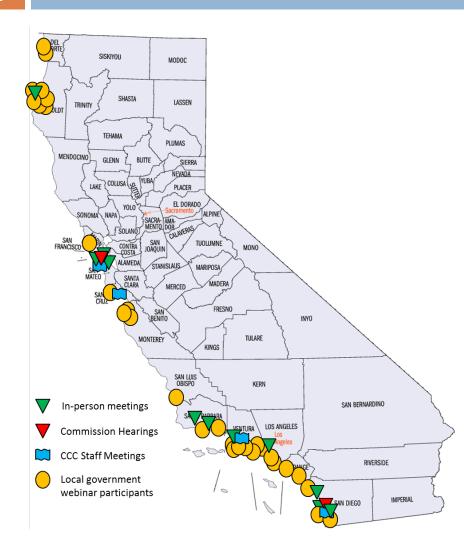
How is California addressing sea-level rise?

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Statewide efforts

2014 Safeguarding California Plan (update to 2009 Plan) General Plan Guidelines (2014 Update in progress) OES State Hazard Mitigation Plan (update in progress) OPC: 2013 State SLR Guidance 2012 Adaptation Planning Guide CCC, OPC and Climate Ready Grants California Coastal Commission efforts Local Coastal Programs & Coastal Development Permits Strategic Plan **Draft SLR Policy Guidance**

Next Steps



Outreach To date:

- 120-day comment period
- 3 webinars
- 14 in-person meetings
- District office meetings
- 350+ people

Next Steps:

- Revised Draft to Commission, likely this fall
- Trainings and symposia
- Grant support for local governments
- Targeted interest groups



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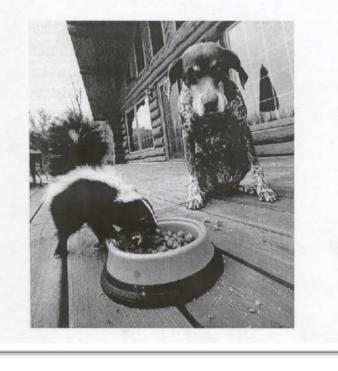
Additional Research Needs

- Baseline Data and Monitoring Systems
 - Various Temporal and Spatial Scales
 - Cumulative impacts
- Modelling Sea Level Rise-related Impacts
 - Fluvial Sea Level Dynamics
- Habitat Evolution Models & Habitat Buffers
- Vertical Land Motion inclusion for Local Analyses
- Future Erosion
 - Sea Level Rise
 - Changing Storminess
- Review of Overtopping methods
- Impacts to Coastal Aquifers
- Case studies
 - Living shorelines
 - Nature-based shore protection
 - Habitat Protection

Thank you for your attention

- Thought for the Day -

Two of the greatest assets to have in life are patience and wisdom.



California Coastal Commission, Draft Sea Level Rise Policy Guidance: <u>http://www.coastal.ca.gov/climate/SLRguidance.html</u>

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