

West Coast Marine Planning

CMANC' Fall Meeting September 19-21, 2016 Pismo Beach, CA

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- 1. Brief Introduction to Blue Economy
- 2. Drivers of the Port of San Diego's Blue Economy
- 3. Implementation Tools: Financial vs Regulatory
- 4. Brief Summary of Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning (CMSP)
- 5. Current Efforts: West Coast Marine Planning

The Blue Economy: What is it?

Fisheries Enhancement





Mitigation Banking & Bioremediation







Coastal Development

Shipbuilding/ Boatyards





Recreation/Tourism

Oil & Gas



Blue Economy



Seabed Mining

Renewable Energy/Biofuels



Pharmaceuticals

Freshwater Generation/Desalinization



Marine Research & Development

Defense & Security



Aquaculture

The Port of San Diego's Blue Economy

Established Industries







Coastal Development

Shipbuilding/Boatyard



Port's Blue Economy



Recreation/Tourism

Freshwater Generation/Desalinization





Pharmaceuticals

Renewable Energy/Biofuels



Marine Research & Development

Aquaculture/Fisheries enhancement



Mitigation Banking & Bioremediation

Emerging Industries

Port's Blue Economy: Drivers of Growth

Established Industries

- Growth in seaborne trade
- Growth of global tourism
- Coastal urbanization
- Growth in defense and security

Emerging Industries

- Food security
 - Freshwater shortages
 - Demand for protein
- Demand for minerals
- Demand for alternative energy sources
- Research and development:
 - Healthcare
 - Industry
 - Ocean technologies

Examples of Implementation Tools

Financial

- Public private partnerships/Joint venture contracts
- Innovative leasing
- Revolving loans
- Grants

Regulatory

- Create a coherent one-shop stop for business
- Consolidate business and economic development functions
- Provide consistent and transparent regulations
- Streamline permit process

Solution: Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning

Brief Summary of Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning

"Coastal and marine spatial planning is a comprehensive, adaptive, integrated, ecosystem-based, and transparent planning process. It is based on sound science and integrates ecological, economic, and social information on current and projected uses of marine waters to inform management and regulatory decisions, reduce conflicts, and facilitate compatibility among projected uses, while sustaining the State's marine ecosystem and resources for present as well as future generations."

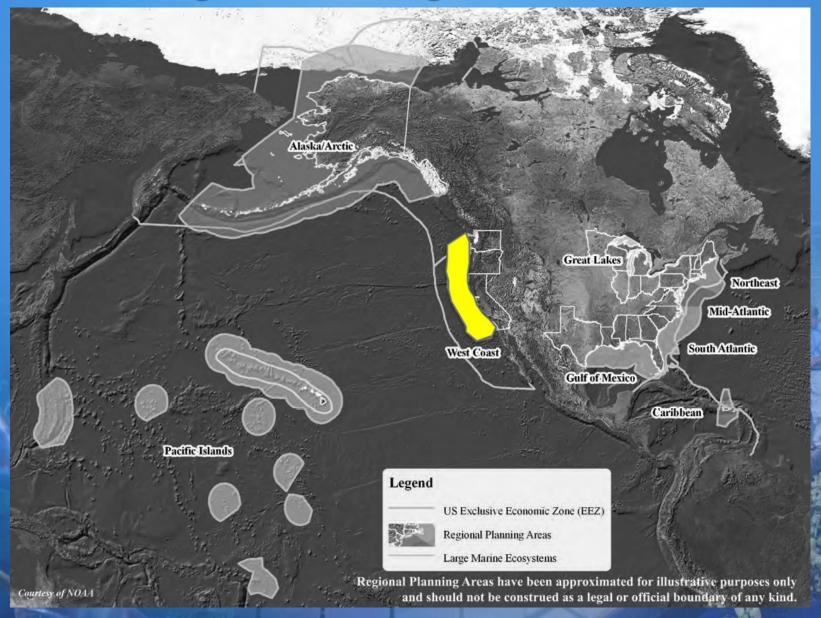
-California Ocean Protection Council 2013

Federal Executive Order 13547 & Final Recommendations

Signed July 19, 2010 by President Obama

- Establishes our Nation's first ever *National Policy for Stewardship of the Ocean, our Coasts, and the Great Lakes*
- Creates an interagency *National Ocean Council* to provide sustained, high-level, and coordinated attention to advance the National Policy
- Seeks to address the most pressing challenges facing the ocean, our coasts, and the Great Lakes
- Establishes a flexible framework for effective coastal and marine spatial planning to address conservation, economic activity, user conflict, and sustainable use of ecosystem services

9 Regional Planning Areas & Bodies





- **♦ West Coast Governors Alliance on Ocean Health**
 - Washington
 - Oregon
 - > California

The California Natural Resources Agency (CRNA) is the representative agency for the West Coast Governors Alliance. The Ocean Protection Council (OPC), a division of CRNA, carries out CMSP for California.



West Coast Governors Agreement on Ocean Health

Contains a series of action plans, including:

- Create a National-Level Commitment to the Ocean
- Mitigate and Adapt to Climate Change
- > Ensure Clean Coastal Waters and Beaches
- Improve Coastal Air Quality
- Protect a Healthy Ocean and Coastal Habitats
- Reduce Impacts of Offshore Energy Development
- Promote Citizen Ocean Awareness and Literacy
- Expand Ocean and Coastal Scientific Information, Research, and Monitoring
- Work for Sustainable Coastal Communities
- Implement Ecosystem-Based Management

Southern California Bight Forum

Working hypothesis:

Southern California Bight would be an ideal laboratory for applying, testing, and refining CMSP.

Major conclusion:

A series of small, carefully planned pilot projects should be carried out in the context of a comprehensive CMSP process.

Themes that received considerable support were:

- Offshore finfish aquaculture
- > Offshore algae aquaculture for production of biofuels, and
- > Offshore renewable energy.

The Port as a Catalyst for Sustainable Ocean Based Innovation

Value Creation:

Utilize Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning to help lead and accelerate the New Emerging Blue Economy in San Diego.

- 1. Consistent with The Port Mission.
- 2. Water Dependent Businesses.
- 3. Creates new Tenants, non-competitive.

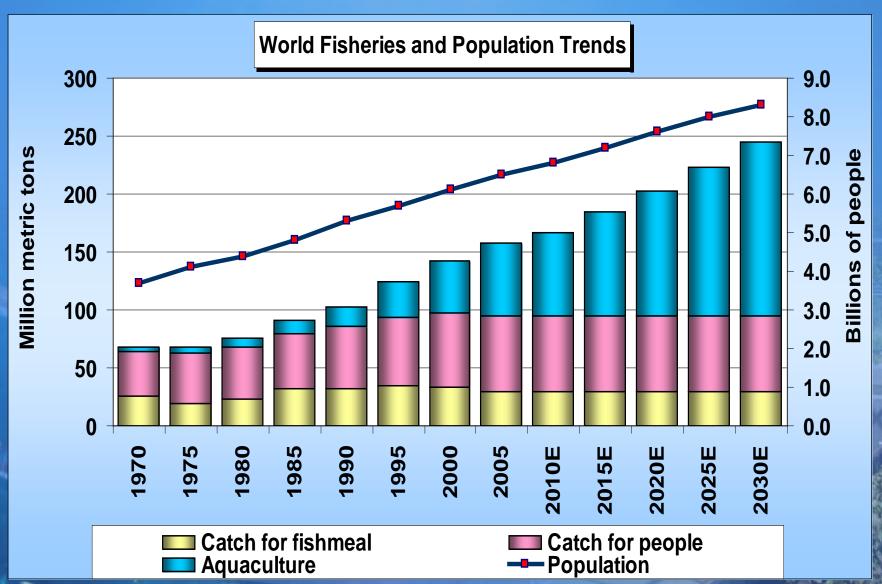
Land/Water Rights with Direct Marine Access

Marine Planning & Regulatory Expertise

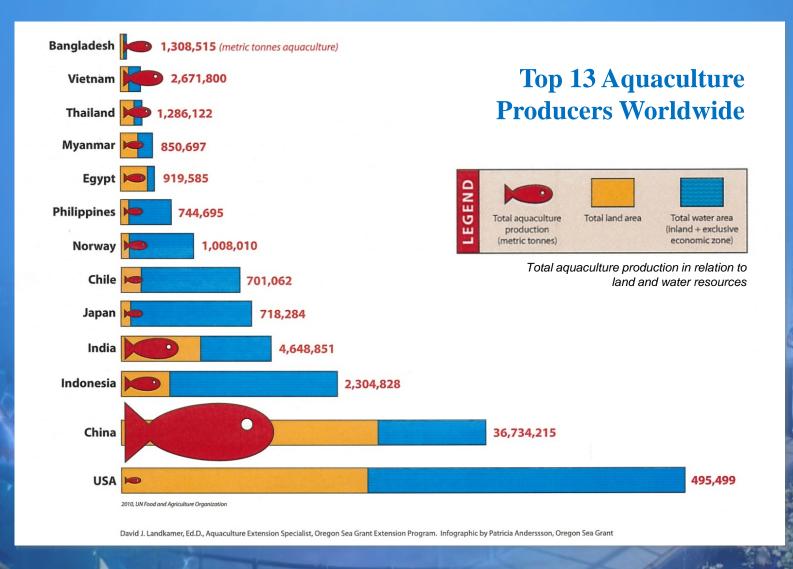
Human & Capital Resources (Direct Investments, Grants, Partner Investors)

The Aquaculture Sector
-Marine plant, shellfish, and fish farming, open-air seafood markets, etc The Blue Technology Sector
- Renewable Energy, Clean Water Tech,
Sub-Sea Tech, BiOmedicine, etc.

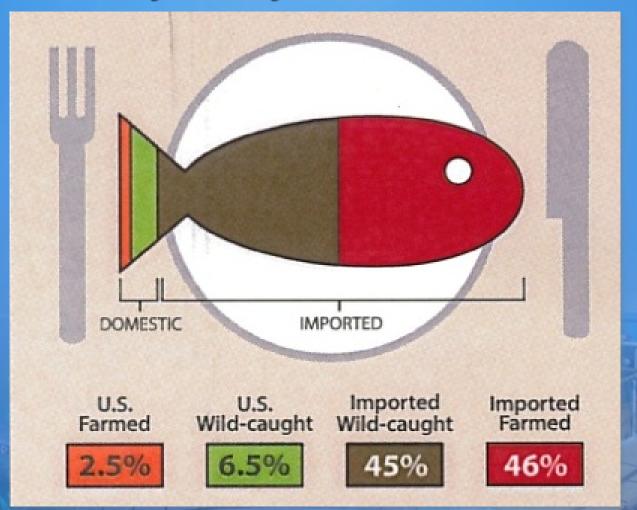
Global Situation Outlook



USA Opportunity



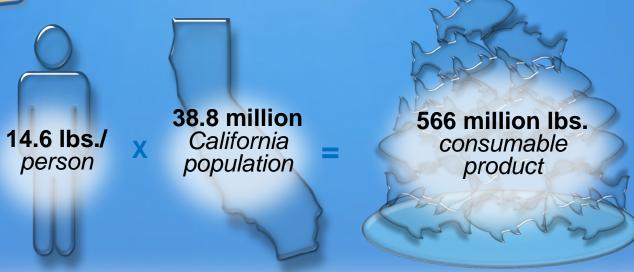
Sources of all seafood consumed in U.S.



Data 2012, NOAA National Marine Fisheries Service



Opportunity for California



Potential Value:

- At 6/kg of landed value $\Rightarrow 3 billion in annual sales
- At 43 jobs/1000MT = 21,500 CA jobs
- Total economic benefit to CA economy \Rightarrow \$6 billion (50% of CA livestock sales (from 0.5%)



Potential Uses of Aquaculture at Port

Companion Business Lines



Food production





Ecotourism

Fisheries enhancement





Bioremediation

Restoration



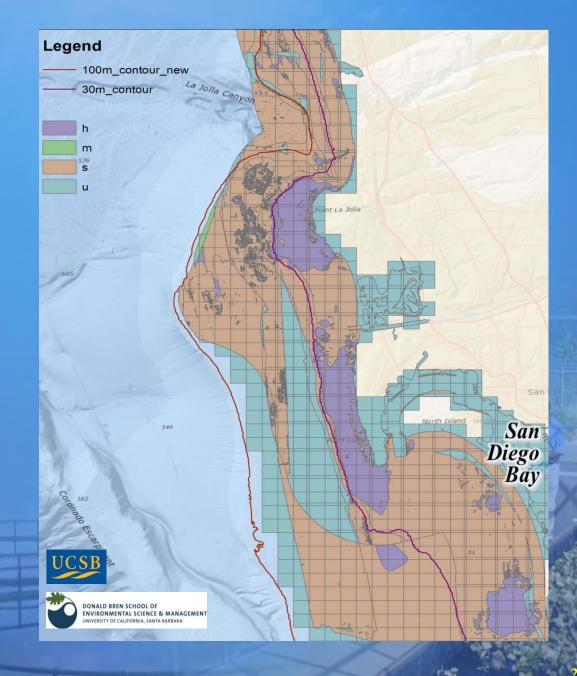
Education/Outreach

Co-Benefits/Secondary Business Lines

Potential Port Locations for Aquaculture

Opportunities:

- Land Based
- Ocean Based
- Aquaculture Parks/Business Incubators
- Integrates/complements existing businesses and Blue Technologies

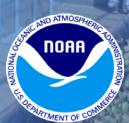


Example Tools for Marine Spatial Planning

- Engaged NOAA-CAPES (Coastal Aquaculture Planning and Environmental Sustainability Program)
 - Initial work on development of aquaculture tools to inform future marine spatial planning efforts

Includes:

- Opportunity analyses determine species of algae, shellfish and fish; what type of aquaculture and where
- Geospatial analysis mapping and visualization; determines environmental and social capacity
- Exclusion analyses minimize user conflicts





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