Cal Poly and the Blue Economy: offshore renewable energy and sustainable aquaculture on the Central Coast: a model for California

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The Cal Poly Blue Economy Initiative: The Ocean-based solutions to the Climate Crisis

- Identify gaps, challenges, opportunities in science, technology, & policy in marine renewable energy, sustainable aquaculture, and working waterfronts
- Work with local, statewide, & federal stakeholders to develop economically-viable, scalable climate solutions
- Create a model to export throughout California and beyond
- Train the next generation of climate leaders and innovators







Environmental impacts of OSW

- Include: marine mammals, birds, benthic/bottom habitats, fish/fisheries, physical factors (winds/upwelling, EMF, etc.), plus other socioeconomic effects
- Lots of OSW in Europe, mostly shallow (<60m), fixed bottom
- CA will be well offshore in deeper water (up to 1300m)
- Challenge: few data exist this far offshore





Environmental impacts of OSW

- Understanding impacts will require new data and new approaches to analyze/interpret
- Currently 3 floating wind farms

 (all in Europe), but
 little environmental
 monitoring;
 a lost opportunity?





So what do we need and how do we do it?

Approaches: Proxies, Modeling, and Monitoring

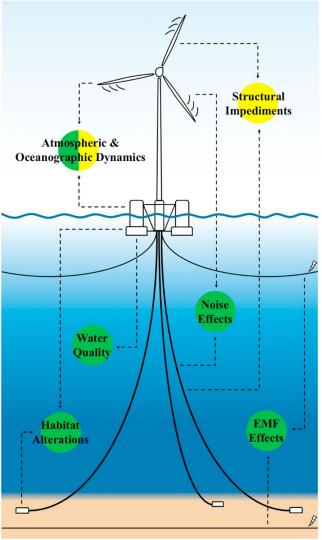
- Proxies: similar information in other places or other equipment
- Good first step when little is known











Magnitude of Effect Negligible Moderate Minimal Major

• Minimal:

Electromagnetic (EMF) Effects; Habitat; Noise; Water Quality; Atmos. & Ocean. Dynamics • Possible reduction of downstream windspeed

- May impact local circulation & regional upwelling (biological effects unknown)
- Moderate

Structural Impediments



Farr et al. 2021

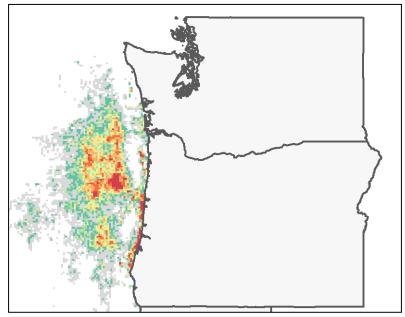
Modeling

- Uses available data to understand a system (e.g., where species are/may be, how species may interact with equipment, etc.)
- Can generate or test hypotheses
- Can provide information about key factors or features for empirical study

And for Climate change:

- Ongoing modeling to help understand where things are now and where they will be in the future
- Feedback among all approaches improves knowledge

OR-WA Highly Migratory Species Fishery Effort





Monitoring

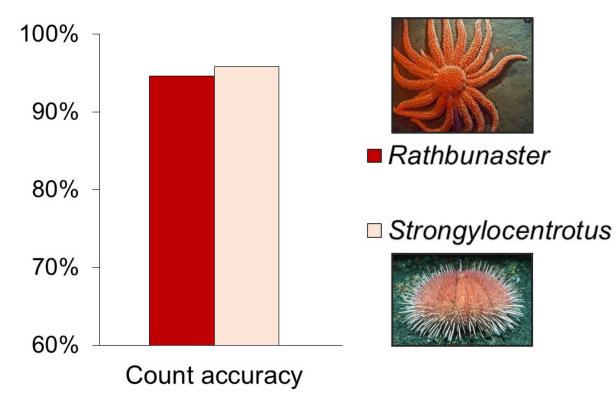
- · Collection of field data from places that might be impacted
- Will need LOTS of new technology
- Example: Cal Poly Deep Sea AI (CEC funded)
 - Developed Web application for creating training data; users can generate and quality check training data efficiently
 - During pilot, created 8,000 annotations for several species





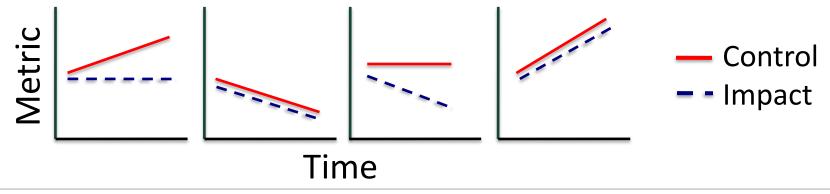


AI Model Performance



Monitoring

- Need info beyond just the areas that will be impacted
- 'Gold standard' in impact assessment is Before-After Control-Impact (BACI)
- Will need large monitoring framework beyond just the WEAs (for some groups, scale will be VERY large)





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The Cal Poly Blue Economy Initiative: Work to date and future projects

Completed:

- Complementarity of OSW and other renewables (esp. solar) & power production of Morro Bay WEA
- Proxies for environmental impacts of OSW
- Development of AI workflows for benthic assessment
- Spatial distribution of fishing effort along US west coast and landings in CA

Next:

- Join POET/DOE Network for marine tech testing;
- Join with Humboldt and OSU for DOE OSW Center of Excellence; incl. local, statewide, federal stakeholders to develop workforce training and science to guide OSW



Link to Cal Poly OSW Research



Cal Poly Pier

1 km long, 40 ft depth Secured facility

Flow-thru seawater system for aquaculture & organismal studies

Lower landing with access to waterline to deploy small experiments/equipment

2-ton crane for boats, equipment

Potential to deploy marine energy test devices

Classroom/lab/meeting space and small, well-equipped shop



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Cal Poly Pier

- Location behind breakwater provides protection from largest Pacific swells
- Some wave energy still reaches the pier
- Former oil production facility supporting clean energy research
- Possible work with PSLHD on Aquaculture feasibility?

Port San Luis

Breakwater



Cal Poly Pier: hub for Blue Economy activity

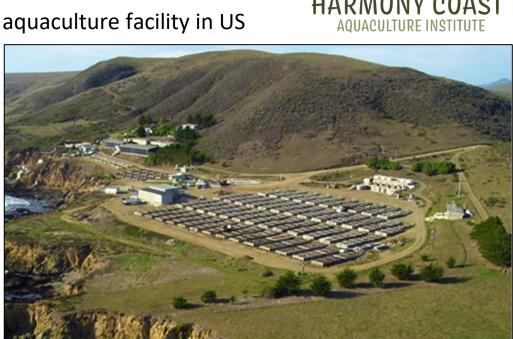
- Testing marine renewable energy systems (especially wave energy)
- Testing/deployment of AUVs
- Testing marine sensor and monitoring systems/technologies
- Aquaculture development
- Testing co-location of offshore renewables & aquaculture
- Testing devices that could use ocean cooling
- Other projects requiring
 accessible offshore platform





Sustainable Aquaculture: Harmony Coast Aquaculture Institute (HCAI)

- Created non-profit to take over shuttered Cayucos Abalone Farm (18 acres, incl. tanks, filtration, permitted seawater intake pipe)
- Would be largest land-based seawater aquaculture facility in US
- Goal: create Center for Aquaculture Innovation, Conservation, Research and Education









The Mission of Harmony Coast Aquaculture Institute

- 1. Promote and support local sustainable aquaculture, reduce carbon footprint and environmental impacts of seafood production
- 2. Restore depleted marine species
- 3. Educate public and regulators of benefits of sustainable marine aquaculture
- 4. Reconnect coastal people with resource stewardship
- 5. Develop a scalable model for sustainable, low-carbon, low-environmental impact aquaculture

HCAI First priority: jump-start sustainable commercial aquaculture

- Maintain ground and pipeline leases, upgrade physical facilities
- Establish guidelines for sustainable, lowimpact, land-based marine aquaculture
- Educate public and agencies about sustainable aquaculture, helps create social license



Harmonycoast.org



First commercial organisms: Algae

- Algae: fast-growing, requires no inputs other than seawater
- Commercial value as food product, feed for other aquaculture species (abalone), may reduce methane emissions as livestock feed
- Will demonstrate economic viability of land-based aquaculture



Harmonycoast.org

Second priority: Integrated multitrophic aquaculture with abalone and dulse

- Integrated multi-trophic aquaculture (IMTA): seawater from algal tanks raises pH; abalone grow faster, reduce nutrient load in effluent
- Algae feeds abalone; produce animal protein AND algae with no inputs and low/zero environmental impact
- Can jump start abalone grow-out for tribal groups

Third priority: Coastal ecosystem rewilding

- Expand juvenile white abalone grow-out for out-planting to save endangered species
- With stable commercial operations, HCAI can expand ecologically critical non-commercial species to restore California ecosystems (e.g., Sunflower Seastar, urchin ranching, etc.)





Funding this work

All of these approaches will cost money

- OSW: Developers should pay for most of monitoring work, but need to avoid real *and* perceived conflicts of interest
- One option? Developers pay into fund managed by a new entity (AB 80?); ensures rigorous science, provides stakeholders with confidence in the findings
- New technology development and aquaculture (e.g., wave energy): requires collaboration between industry and agencies
- Need to streamline/facilitate permitting, collaboration, and funding



We can do this!

- We have or can develop technology and approaches to understand effects and develop new technology for offshore renewables and aquaculture
- Rigorous science is essential to understand effects *and* potential mitigation
- Will require sustained commitment and strong cooperation among developers, state and federal governments, academics, other stakeholders





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Plus many, many more Cal Poly students, Bio Dept, and other collaborators on related projects

Proxies for Fishes and Fisheries

- Recent work in wind farms suggest minor/zero impacts & some positive artificial reef/fish aggregation effects
- Extensive research that (de facto) closed areas benefit fish pops
- Little information on sound/EMF on fish; effects may be minimal?





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